## School Improvement Liverpool

**MFL** Spanish Year **B KS2** Scheme of Work Autumn 2 (B) Self, family and friends (Family/Jobs) Primary Modern Foreign Languages

## MFL KS2 schemes of work, School Improvement Liverpool.

## Rationale:

This four-year scheme is based on the national curriculum programmes of study. Each objective has been broken down in to 4 levels to form a framework of agerelated expectations. The scheme, which includes weekly-planning, is designed to build knowledge and skills, encouraging pupils to become increasingly independent and creative in their language study. Each half term follows a theme, enabling language and structures to be revisited and embedded. The aim is to produce languagelearners who are well-equipped for key stage 3.

## Assessment:

Prior learning has been identified in bold print and should always be assessed and reinforced as part of the teaching process. In addition, activities which particularly lend themselves to assessment and the gathering of evidence have been underlined.

## Delivery:

It is recommended that pupils receive 1 hour of language teaching per week in order to be able to achieve the age-related expectations. Teaching should be delivered by someone with good subject knowledge. Where this is an external provider, we recommend that the class-teacher is present, and works collaboratively with the specialist in order to embed language learning in the curriculum. The class-teacher should also be part of the assessment process.

## Other publications:

A series of booklets aimed at developing reading and writing skills are available for each half term within each year group. The activities are differentiated, and match the age-related expectations in those skill areas. The cost for the set of 48 booklets is £100. Schemes and planning are also available for EYFS/KS1.

#### Inset training:

The Liverpool MFL team can provide bespoke staff training. This is free as part of the universal offer for Liverpool maintained schools, and can be arranged at a cost, for schools outside of the city, or who are not part of the Universal Offer.

## KEY:

- Red print indicates suggested activities which include extra challenge.
- **Bold print indicates prior learning.** (Bracketed content indicates possible prior learning depending on 2-year A/B cycle)
- Underlined LOs indicate suggested assessment opportunities.

Learning Objectives: Ask and answer several personal questions using first 3 parts of verbs and recognise them in their written form [POS3/8] Use first person of verb 'to have' to talk about family Repeat, recognise and produce names of family and jobs orally and in writing including definite and possessive pronoun [POS1/2/12] Use a dictionary to extend vocabulary of jobs [POS9] Listen to and translate into English sentences about jobs [POS1] Speak in sentences about families and jobs using first three parts of the verb 'to be' [POS4/12] Write sentences/a paragraph about family and the jobs they do [POS10] Recognise and produce the phonemes – co, ca, cí, ue [POS7] Use numbers 1 – 39 (all calculations) [POS4] Count to 60 in tens [POS4]	Language and Structures: ¿Cómo te llamas?¿Cómo estás? ¿Qué tal?¿Dónde vives?¿Cuántos años tienes?¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños?¿Tienes hermanos? Tienes una mascota/un animal en casa? ¿Te gusta el deporte?¿Te gusta la fruta? ¿Qué tiempo hace? (Tengo frío/calor/hambre/sed) (¿Cúantas personas hay en tu familia? En mi familia haypersonas) (La Familia:) (Mi/el padre, abuelo, hermano, tío, primo.Mi/la madre, abuela, hermana, tía, prima) (Third person: ¿Cómo se llama? ¿Dónde vive? ¿Cuántos años tiene? ¿Cuándo es su cumpleaños?) Los Trabajos: Verb Ser: Soy, eres, es (omit article with professions eg 'Es médico') Un médico/una médica, un/una estudiante un enfermero/una enfermera, un cocinero/una cocinera, un peluquero/una peluquera, un profesor/una profesora, un/una policía, un/una electricista, un bombero/una bombera un mecánico/una mecánica ¿En qué trabaja tu padre/ madre ? Diez, veinte, treinta, (cuarenta, cinquenta, sesenta)
Phonemes: co, ca, cí, ue	Resources:
Grammar:	Flashcards/ppt of family members/jobs
Indefinite article and its (lack of) use with professions. Possessive	Simpsons PPTs and flashcards
pronouns [mi, mis]	
Use of first three parts of verb 'ser' and first person of 'tener.' Masc/ fem	
agreement with jobs. The imperative (as part of a set phrase)	

Week	Learning Objectives:	Suggested Activities	Language
	Answer personal questions POS3	<ul> <li>Answer personal questions passing object round the class</li> </ul>	All previously learnt questions.
1	Recall previously learnt phrases that use the verb tener then repeat and recognise new phrases with this verb to describe how you are feeling POS4	<ul> <li>Use actions/flashcards to demonstrate and repeat the new responses 'I'm hot/cold/hungry/thirsty'.</li> </ul>	(Tengo sed/hambre/frío/calor)
	Ask and say how many people are in your family POS	<ul> <li>Ask the question '¿Cúantas personas hay en tu familia?' Pupils answer 'En mi familia hay'</li> </ul>	(¿Cúantas personas hay en tu familia ? En mi familia hay)
	Repeat and recognise family members with the possessive pronoun POS4/12	<ul> <li>Use flashcards/power-point of family members. Repeat in different voices, repeat if true</li> </ul>	(Mi/el padre, mi/la madre, mis padres) (Mi/el hermano, mi/la hermana, mis hermanos) (Mi/el tío, mi/la tía) (Mi/le primo, mi/la prima, mis primos) (Mi /el abuelo, mi/la abuela, mis abuelos)
	Recall numbers 1-39 (forwards/backwards/odds/evens) POS4	<ul> <li>Ping pong, Mexican wave + reverse Mexican wave, river game (odds + evens)</li> </ul>	1 - 39
2	Recognise written form of all answers and questions including about the family, and be able to pronounce correctly. POS8	• Put written questions and answers on the board in random order and choose a pupil to match them up. Teacher reads a random question and pupils read out the correct answer. Teacher reads a random answer, pupils read the corresponding question.	<b>All previously learnt questions and answers.</b> ¿Cúantas personas hay en tu familia ? En mi familia hay
	Produce answers to question – How are you using estoy and tengo POS4	<ul> <li>Pupils use the new responses to say how they feel, in response to the question, and prompted by actions and pictures.</li> </ul>	¿Cómo estás? ¿Qué tal? Estoy excelente, asi asi, mal etc Tengo calor, frío, hambre, sed
	Read words for family members and		

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pronounce correctly. Read and show understanding of written words for family members POS7/8	<ul> <li>Show the written words for family members asking pupils to read them slowly with correct pronunciation and show they understand the meaning by identifying the correct picture or simply by saying in English.</li> </ul>	(Mi/el padre, mi/la madre, mis padres) (Mi/el hermano, mi/la hermana, mis hermanos) (Mi/el tío, mi/la tía) (Mi/le primo, mi/la prima, mis primos) (Mi /el abuelo, mi/la abuela, mis abuelos)
(Copy) write names of family members with correct possessive pronoun POS11	<ul> <li>Using the possessive adjectives mí (masc and fem)/mis, ask pupils to categorise family members in writing, eg teacher writes the possessive pronouns on the board and times pupils to see how many words for family members they can write on their whiteboard for each possessive pronoun in the given time. Support sheet of vocabulary available</li> </ul>	Jer P
Calculate addition and subtraction using 1-39 POS5	<ul> <li>Numbers:eg: 20-11, 14+25. Harder calcuations for the more able pupils</li> </ul>	<b>1 - 39</b> Más, menos
<u>Ask</u> and answer personal questions recognising both questions and answers in the written form POS4/8	<ul> <li>Teacher ask pupils random question showing the written form. Teacher chooses random answers showing the written form and pupils provide the correct question. This could be done as a head to head competition. Add fun by telling a pupil to say 'stop' as teacher shuffles the question cards.</li> </ul>	All previously learnt Qs and As
Repeat and recognise names of jobs with their masculine and feminine endings, predicting meaning where possible. POS12. Recognise phoneme 'co, ca, ci ' POS2	• Repetition and recognition activities using names of jobs, pointing out the masculine and feminine endings and drawing attention to the phonemes contained in them. Encourage pupils to work out the meaning of some of the new words and draw similarities to words they know in English.	Un médico/una médica un enfermero/una enfermera, un cocinero/una cocinera, un peluquero/una peluquera, un bombero/una bombera, un un mecánico/una mecánica, un profesor/una profesora, un/una estudiante, un/una electricista

	Calculate multiplication and division using numbers 1 - 39 POS5	<ul> <li>Select numbers (+ answers 1 – 39).</li> <li>Harder calculations for the more able pupils</li> </ul>	<b>1 - 39</b> Multiplicado por, dividido por
	Ask and answer questions in pairs. POS3	• Pupils have 2 minutes to ask and answer questions in pairs.	All previously learnt Qs and As
4	Read, recognise and pronounce accurately masc/ fem versions of jobs in written form with focus on the relevant phonemes. 'co,ca ci' POS2'	<ul> <li>Introduce the written word for jobs and read slowly with pupils focusing on the sounds of the endings.</li> <li>Production activities for names of jobs with focus on correct pronunciation of the masculine and feminine endings. Eg noughts and crosses on a power-point with pictures of jobs. When a child chooses a square, the teacher pulls either a red or blue card out of a bag and the child gives the correct word according to whether a masc or fem ending is required.</li> <li>Pairwork/ worksheet matching words to pictures of jobs. Those who finish can use</li> </ul>	Un médico/una médica un enfermero/una enfermera, un cocinero/una cocinera, un peluquero/una peluquera, un bombero/una bombera, un un mecánico/una mecánica, un profesor/una profesora, un/una estudiante, un/una estudiante, un/una electricista
	Produce sentences orally using verb 'ser' to say what you or a member of your family does as a job, in response to question POS10	<ul> <li>a dictionary to look up words for additional jobs</li> <li>Produce sentences about you and your family-explain the first 3 parts of 'ser' using gesture to denote meaning (pointing to people) Show the three parts on the board and ask class to make sentences Eg 1 am a teacher- pupils translate into Spanish.</li> <li>Teacher puts a concealed sentence on the board (Eg flashcards facing down). Pupils have to guess the correct components eg 'Mí padre es profesor'.</li> </ul>	Verb Ser: Soy, eres, es (omit article with professions eg 'Es médico') Mi madre es Mi padre es ¿En qué trabaja tu padre/ madre ?

		<ul> <li><u>Teacher reveals each component as it is</u> <u>guessed correctly.</u></li> <li>Ask and answer the question about occupations around the class/in pairs</li> </ul>	<b>Diez, veinte, treinta</b> , (cuarenta, cinquenta, sesenta)
	Produce numbers to 60 in multiples of ten POS4	<ul> <li>Sing the song counting in multiples of ten. Play guess my number. This could be a competition- a correct guess gets a point.</li> </ul>	
	Ask and answer questions in pairs. POS3	Slow reveal of personal information questions and answers.	All previously learnt Qs and As.
	Listen to and show understanding of a series of sentences about a family member and their job. POS1	• <u>Teacher says a sentence about</u> <u>themselves/ a family member and their</u> <u>job- pupils translate into English. Teacher</u>	Eg of sentences : En mi familia hay
		says a series of sentences about a family member and pupils translate into English. Alternatively pupils could be given a transcript in English and asked to	Me llamo Vivo en
	Say a sentence/sentences about you, a family member and their job POS 4/12	listen and identify what element is incorrect.	Soy Mi padre se llama
5		<u>Ask pupils to use the model above and</u> produce a sentence/sentences about themselves or someone in their family. <u>Some pupils may be able to add further</u>	Tiene Es
	Write sentences about family	details about family members using prior learning.	(Mi padre, mi madre, mi hermano, mi hermana, mi tío, mi tía, mi primo, mi prima, mi abuelo, mi abuela)
	members/jobs from memory POS11	<ul> <li>Work with whiteboards asking pupils to copy the correct sentence from the board using a picture as a prompt.</li> <li>Move to writing from memory. Remind</li> </ul>	es
		pupils of the spellings of the phonemes relating to words for jobs <u>. Ask pupils to</u> write the sentence on their whiteboard without the support of the words on the	médico, médica enfermero, enfermera, cocinero, cocinera, peluquero, peluquera, mecánico, mecánica
		board (Some pupils may need a support	mecánico, mecánica,

		sheet to help with this. Some may only be able to write single words accurately	bombero, bombera, profesor, profesora, estudiante , policía, electricista
	Listen and recognise numbers to 60 in tens POS1	• Slam using numbers x10 to 60.	<b>Diez, veinte, treinta</b> , (cuarenta, cinquenta, sesenta)
	Pick out information about family members and jobs from short, written descriptions POS8	<ul> <li>Worksheet differentiated for pupils to read and elicit information about family and jobs, (including prior learning such as descriptions/likes and dislikes).</li> </ul>	(Mi padre, mi madre, mi hermano, mi hermana, mi tío, mi tía, mi primo, mi prima, mi abuelo, mi abuela) es
6	Write short paragraph about several family members' jobs, from memory or with support where necessary POS11	<ul> <li>Pupils write a sentence/paragraph about their family using a language scaffold.</li> </ul>	médico, médica enfermero, enfermera, cocinero, cocinera, peluquero, peluquera, mecánico, mecánica bombero, bombera, profesor, profesora, estudiante, policía, electricista

peaking and Listening
<b>OS1.3</b> Listen and show understanding of more complex familiar sentences.
<b>OS3.3</b> Ask and answer more complex familiar questions with a scaffold of responses.
<b>OS4.3</b> Use familiar vocabulary to say more complex sentences using a language scaffold.
OS5.3 Use a language scaffold to present information and descriptions in simple sentences using familiar and rehearsed language.
eading and Writing
<b>OS7.3</b> Start to predict the pronunciation of unfamiliar words in a sentence using knowledge of phonemes/liaison/silent letter rules.
eading and Writing OS7.3 Start to predict the pronunciation of unfamiliar words in a sentence using knowledge of phonemes/ liaison/ silent letter rules.

POS8.3 Read and show understanding of a complex sentence using familiar single words.
 POS9.3 Use context and prior knowledge to determine the meaning of words; use a bi-lingual dictionary
 POS10.3 Write and say longer sentences to describe people, places, things and actions using a language scaffold.
 POS11.3 Write familiar longer sentences from memory with understandable accuracy.

## Grammar

**POS12.3** Use the correct form of the third person singular; explain the agreement of possessive pronouns with linked noun; apply correct rules of use when combining prepositions and articles; create more complex sentences; explain and use elision. State differences and similarities in English.

## Speaking and listening:

**POS1.4** Listen and show understanding of more complex sentences containing familiar words and gist with unfamiliar words.

**POS2.4:** Identify patterns of language and link sound to spelling.

**POS3.4** Engage in a short conversation using familiar questions and expressing opinions.

POS4.4 Manipulate language to create and say sentence of own choice using familiar language

**POS5.4** Manipulate language using a scaffold to present their own ideas and information in more complex sentences.

## **Reading and writing:**

**POS7.4:** Predict the pronunciation of unfamiliar words, with increasing accuracy, in a series of sentences.

**POS8.4** Read and show understanding of a series of complex sentences

**POS9.4** Use a bi-lingual dictionary to find the meaning of words in written material and understand their meaning in its context.

**POS10.4** Write and say a complex sentence manipulating familiar language to describe things. Maybe using a dictionary.

**POS11.4** Write familiar long/ complex sentences from memory, changing words to create new sentences, with understandable accuracy.

## Grammar:

**POS12.4** Demonstrate the use of three common verbs with the first three pronouns in present tense; use of the negative and of adverbs of frequency.

Assessment Opportunities	
Photograph of pupils' work on whiteboards	
Video recording of pupils	
Photocopy of pupils' worksheets/written work	
Photograph of teacher using resources {flashcards/Smartboard}	
Record pupil achievements on assessment monitoring sheet.	

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# School Improvement Liverpool

Toxteth Annexe, Aigburth Road. Liverpool, L17 7BN Phone: **0151 233 3901 |** Email: sil@si.liverpool.gov.uk | Web: www.schoolimprovementliverpool.co.uk